

# SIR CORP.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE 16-WEEK AND 52-WEEK PERIODS ENDED AUGUST 25, 2024

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# SIR CORP. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE 16-WEEK AND 52-WEEK PERIODS ENDED AUGUST 25, 2024

#### **Executive Summary**

SIR Corp.'s ("SIR's") fourth quarter of Fiscal 2024 comprises the 16-week period from May 6, 2024 to August 25, 2024. The following is a summary of operational and financial results for SIR's 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024 ("Q4 2024" and "Fiscal 2024", respectively):

#### Consolidated revenue and Same Store Sales(1) ("SSS"):

- Food and beverage revenue from corporate restaurant operations for Q4 2024 totaled \$90.7 million, an increase of 1.5%, or \$1.4 million, compared to \$89.3 million for the 16-week period ended August 27, 2023 ("Q4 2023"). Food and beverage revenue from corporate restaurant operations for Fiscal 2024 was \$271.3 million, a decrease of 0.1% or \$0.4 million, compared to \$271.7 million for the 52-week period ended August 27, 2023 ("Fiscal 2023").
- Consolidated SSS<sup>(1)</sup> decreased by 4.2% and 2.6% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively.
- SIR's flagship Concept Restaurant brand, Jack Astor's®, which generated approximately 70.9% of Pooled Revenue in Q4 2024, had SSS<sup>(1)</sup> declines of 6.8% and 6.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively.
- Scaddabush Italian Kitchen & Bar® ("Scaddabush") had SSS<sup>(1)</sup> increases of 1.3% and 6.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively.
- The Signature Restaurants had SSS<sup>(1)</sup> increases of 9.0% and 8.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively.

#### Investment in new and existing restaurants, and closed restaurants

SIR's Management is committed to maximizing the performance of all of its restaurants. SIR believes that investing in restaurant renovations is a key performance-enhancing initiative.

During Fiscal 2024, SIR completed the following nine restaurant renovations:

- The Jack Astor's in South London, Ontario, was closed for five days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Vaughan, Ontario, was closed for 10 days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Newmarket, Ontario, was closed for 13 days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Ottawa, Ontario, was closed for seven days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Dundas Square, Toronto, was closed for five days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Scarborough, Toronto, was closed for five days during Q1 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Ancaster, Ontario, was closed for 13 days during Q2 2024 to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Richmond Hill, Ontario, was closed for 13 days during Q3 2024 to complete a renovation, and
- The Jack Astor's in Halifax, Nova Scotia, was closed for 12 days during O3 2024 to complete a renovation.

During Fiscal 2023, SIR completed the following eight restaurant renovations:

- The Jack Astor's in Whitby, Ontario was closed for eight days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Barrie, Ontario was closed for 11 days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Brampton, Ontario was closed for nine days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Don Mills, Toronto was closed for five days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Kanata, Ontario was closed for four days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Etobicoke, Ontario was closed for 14 days to complete a renovation,
- The Jack Astor's in Kingston, Ontario was closed for seven days to complete a renovation, and
- The REDs® Square One in Mississauga, Ontario, was closed for four days to complete a renovation.

On September 1, 2023, SIR opened a new Scaddabush restaurant in Whitby, Ontario. This restaurant was added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2024.

SIR permanently closed the Scaddabush restaurant located in the Mimico neighbourhood in Etobicoke, Ontario, effective November 28, 2023. This restaurant ceased to be a Royalty Pooled Restaurant on January 1, 2024.

<sup>(1)</sup> Same store sales ("SSS"), same store sales growth ("SSSG"), Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss), Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA"), and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Accounting Standards"). For additional information regarding these financial measures, including full details on how these financial measures are calculated, see the "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section of this MD&A (page 21).

SIR permanently closed the Reds® Wine Tavern restaurant located in downtown Toronto, and the Reds® Fallsview restaurant in Niagara, Falls, Ontario, effective December 31, 2023 (the final day of operation). These two restaurants ceased to be Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2024. On April 26, 2024, SIR opened a new, Italian-themed, fine dining restaurant brand called Edna + Vita™ at the former location of Reds Wine Tavern..

On February 27, 2024, SIR opened a new Scaddabush restaurant in the Don Mills neighborhood of Toronto. SIR has elected, as is its option, under the License and Royalty Agreement, to treat this location as a New Additional Restaurant. This new restaurant is expected to be added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2025.

On April 17, 2024, SIR opened a new Scaddabush restaurant in London, Ontario. SIR has elected, as is its option, under the License and Royalty Agreement, to treat this location as a New Additional Restaurant. This new restaurant is expected to be added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2025.

On May 22, 2024, SIR opened a new Duke's Refresher® + Bar ("Duke's Refresher) at the intersection of Queen Street East and Broadview Avenue in Toronto. This new Duke's Refresher is currently not under consideration to become a Royalty Pooled Restaurant (refer to the section "Overview and Business of SIR and the Partnership" on page 7).

On August 7, 2024, SIR opened a new Scaddabush restaurant in Guelph, Ontario. SIR has elected, as is its option, under the License and Royalty Agreement, to treat this location as a New Additional Restaurant. This new restaurant is expected to be added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2025.

Subsequent to Fiscal 2024, on September 4, 2024, SIR permanently closed the Jack Astor's restaurant located in the North York neighbourhood in Toronto, Ontario. This restaurant will cease to be a Royalty Pooled Restaurant effective January 1, 2025.

As at the date of this report, SIR has two commitments to lease properties in Barrie and Oshawa, Ontario, upon which it plans to develop two new Scaddabush locations. There can be no assurance at this time that these planned new restaurants will be opened or will become part of the Royalty Pooled Restaurants.

SIR's management continues to monitor consumer confidence and economic conditions such as interest rates and consumer spending patterns. Based on the assessment of these conditions and the timing of any new restaurant construction, the opening schedules will be reviewed regularly by SIR's management and adjusted as necessary.

#### Renegade Chicken Trial

On January 27, 2022, SIR began offering Renegade Chicken takeout and delivery services on a trial basis. SIR has agreed to remit to the SIR Royalty Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") an amount equivalent to 6% of revenues earned from this trial. This program has been extended on multiple occasions, with the most recent extensions covering eight Jack Astor's locations, occurring on December 15, 2022, August 8, 2023, and August 7, 2024, thereby extending the trial periods to December 31, 2023, August 25, 2024, and August 31, 2025, respectively. The Renegade Chicken brand offers a selection of fried chicken sandwiches, tenders, and wings, complemented by freshly cut, in-house fries, and aims to leverage the growing demand for fried chicken within the fast-casual dining sector.

# Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss), Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)<sup>(1)</sup>, EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>, and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>

- Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) was \$10.0 million for Q4 2024, compared to \$21.4 million for Q4 2023. Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) was \$35.1 million for Fiscal 2024, compared to (\$20.2) million for Fiscal 2023.
- Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup> were \$6.1 million in Q4 2024, compared to \$8.3 million in Q4 2023. Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup> were \$7.7 million in Fiscal 2024, compared to \$15.9 million in Fiscal 2023.
- EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> were \$15.3 million and \$11.6 million in Q4 2024, respectively, compared to \$17.1 million and \$13.1 million in Q4 2023, respectively.
- EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> were \$38.2 million and \$25.9 million in Fiscal 2024, respectively, compared to \$45.0 million and \$30.3 million in Fiscal 2023, respectively.

#### Cybersecurity Incident

Subsequent to Fiscal 2024, on September 26, 2024, SIR experienced a cybersecurity incident that has impacted a portion of its IT infrastructure. SIR immediately engaged third-party cybersecurity experts to assist with its containment, remediation and investigation efforts. Despite the related operational disruptions, guest payment platforms remained secure and SIR continued to operate all 54 of its restaurants. As a result of this incident, SIR experienced a moderate decline in revenue during the first three weeks following the incident while certain restaurant technology was being restored, as well as increased cost of operations, and other associated costs related to investigation and mitigation of loss services.

SIR continues to gather information about the current and longer-term financial and other impacts of this event. SIR maintains a variety of insurance coverages, including cyber insurance, and is in the process of working with its insurance providers to make the necessary claims under its policies.

#### Amendments to SIR's Credit Agreement

For more details regarding the Credit Agreement and all related amendments up until the latest amendment on November 20, 2024, please refer to the Fund and SIR's prior interim and annual filings, which can be found on SEDAR+ at <a href="https://www.sedarplus.ca">www.sedarplus.ca</a> under the Fund's profile.

On June 14, 2024, SIR and its Lender entered into the Eleventh Amending Agreement ("Eleventh Amendment") to its Credit Agreement. The Eleventh Amendment provides for the following:

- intent and acknowledgement of extension of the maturity date from July 6, 2024 by a 12-month increment to July 6, 2025, for the \$6.25 million guaranteed facility with Export Development Canada ("EDC") through the guaranteed Business Credit Availability Program ("BCAP") (the "EDC-Guaranteed Facility"),
- transition the publication of the effective interest rates applicable under the Credit Agreement, specifically for Credit Facilities 1 and 2, from the Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR") to the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA"), and
- The cessation of bankers' acceptances which are to be replaced by CORRA Advances to borrow on Credit Facilities 1 and 2.

On June 14, 2024, as part of the Eleventh Amendment, the Fund and the Partnership entered into an acknowledgement agreement with the Lender acknowledging, among other things:

- receipt of a copy of the Eleventh Amending Agreement, and
- that none of either: entering the agreement, borrowing under the agreement, or performing any of the obligations under the agreement shall breach any of the terms or constitute an event of default under any of the Fund's or the Partnership's existing agreements with the Company.

During Q4 2024, the 12-month extension to the EDC-Guaranteed Facility was formally executed to extend the maturity date of the facility to July 6, 2025.

#### **Overview**

SIR is a private company amalgamated under the Business Corporations Act of Ontario. As at August 25, 2024, SIR owned 55 Concept and Signature Restaurants in Canada (in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, and Newfoundland). The Concept Restaurants include Jack Astor's and Scaddabush. The Signature Restaurants include Reds Square One (which operates an Abbey's Bakehouse retail outlet) and the Loose Moose Tap & Grill®. SIR also owns one Edna + Vita and two Duke's Refresher restaurants located in downtown Toronto, which are also considered Signature Restaurants, but are currently not part of Royalty Pooled Restaurants. SIR owns 100% of its Canadian restaurants. As at August 25, 2024, 49 SIR Restaurants were included in Royalty Pooled Restaurants, including 37 Jack Astor's locations, 10 Scaddabush locations, Reds Square One and the Loose Moose.

On September 26, 2019, SIR opened a Duke's Refresher in the St. Lawrence Market neighborhood of downtown Toronto. On May 22, 2024, SIR opened another Duke's Refresher location at the intersection of Queen Street East and Broadview Avenue in downtown Toronto. SIR believes that Duke's Refresher has multi-unit growth potential and has advised the Fund that Duke's Refresher should be considered as a potential new Concept Restaurant brand. The earliest that any Duke's Refresher would be added to the Royalty pool would be the Adjustment Date following the earlier of: (i) the date that four Duke's Refresher restaurants are open for business at the same time, and (ii) 90 days following the end of the fiscal year in which revenues from all Duke's Refresher restaurants in Canada first exceed \$12.0 million (the "Trigger Event"). As neither of these events have occurred, Duke's Refresher is not currently in consideration for the Royalty Pool. The Duke's Refresher brand is currently being managed and developed by SIR's Signature group. Accordingly, Duke's Refresher is classified as part of the Signature restaurants for SIR reporting purposes.

On October 1, 2004, the Fund filed a final prospectus for a public offering of Units of the Fund (the "Offering") and the Offering closed on October 12, 2004. The net proceeds of the Offering of \$51.2 million were used by the Fund to acquire the SIR Loan and indirectly, through the SIR Holdings Trust (the "Trust"), the SIR Rights owned or licensed by SIR or its subsidiaries and used in connection with the operation of SIR's restaurants in Canada. In 2004, the Partnership granted SIR a 99-year license to use the SIR Rights in most of Canada in consideration for a Royalty, payable by SIR to the Partnership, equal to 6% of the revenue of the Royalty Pooled Restaurants. The Partnership also issued its own securities to SIR in return for the SIR Rights acquired.

SIR's fiscal year is comprised of 52 or 53-week periods ending on the last Sunday in August. Fiscal quarters of SIR consist of sequential accounting periods of 12, 12, 12 and 16 (or 17) weeks, respectively. The fiscal years for both 2024 and 2023 consist of 52 weeks.

#### Seasonality

The full-service restaurant sector of the Canadian foodservice industry, in which SIR operates, experiences seasonal fluctuations in revenues. Favourable summer weather generally results in increased revenues during SIR's fourth quarter (ending on the last Sunday in August) when patios can be open. Additionally, certain holidays and observances also affect guest dining patterns both favourably and unfavourably.

#### Selected Consolidated Historical Financial Information

The following tables set out selected financial information of SIR for the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024 and August 27, 2023, respectively. The audited consolidated financial statements of SIR are prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and are presented in Canadian dollars. This information should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements of SIR, including the notes thereto.

Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023
		(in thousand	ls of dollars)	
	(unau	dited)	(aud	lited)
Corporate restaurant operations:				
Revenue	90,856	89,456	271,965	272,111
Cost of corporate restaurant operations	77,181	74,763	238,501	231,191
Earnings from corporate restaurant operations	13,675	14,693	33,464	40,920
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	10,009	21,356	35,108	(20,191)
Adjusted Net Earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	6,079	8,251	7,672	15,943

#### Statement of Financial Position

1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	August 25, 2024 August 27, (in thousands of dollars) (audited)				
	(in thousands of dollars)				
	(audited)				
Total assets	136,522	125,964			
Total non-current liabilities	217,898	249,878			

## Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)<sup>(1)</sup>, EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>

Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)<sup>(1)</sup>, EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> are financial measures that do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS Accounting Standards. They are used by SIR to supplement its reporting of net earnings (loss) and net cash flow. Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)<sup>(1)</sup> consist of net earnings (loss) excluding the change in amortized cost of Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership. EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> consist of net earnings (loss) excluding certain non-cash expenses and other expenses that SIR considers not to be of an operating nature. SIR believes that Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)<sup>(1)</sup>, EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> are useful measures of the core business' contribution to cash flow from operations and uses these measures as a supplemental measure of SIR's performance. Similarly, SIR believes that certain investors may also find these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful for their independent evaluation of SIR's performance.

The following table reconciles net earnings (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024 and August 27, 2023, respectively, to Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup>:

	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023
		(in thousar	nds of dollars)	
	(unau	idited)	(auc	lited)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	10,009	21,356	35,108	(20,191)
Change in amortized cost of Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	(3,930)	(13,105)	(27,436)	36,134
Adjusted Net Earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	6,079	8,251	7,672	15,943

The following table reconciles net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024 and August 27, 2023 to EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>:

	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023
	(unau	(in thousand dited)	s of dollars) (audi	ited)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	10,009	21,356	35,108	(20,191)
Add (deduct):				
Interest expense	1,088	730	2,807	2,344
Interest on lease obligations	987	1,094	4,042	4,245
Interest on loan payable to SIR Royalty Income Fund	936	919	3,066	3,051
Depreciation and amortization	6,199	6,136	20,607	19,394
Change in amortized cost of Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	(3,930)	(13,105)	(27,436)	36,134
EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	15,289	17,130	38,194	44,977
Interest (income) and other (income) expense – net	137	(128)	259	(228)
(Recovery) impairment of financial assets	(385)	584	(355)	597
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	564	45	656	135
Cash rent	(4,819)	(5,052)	(16,080)	(15,886)
Preopening costs	839	552	3,218	672
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	11,625	13,131	25,892	30,268
Income from Class A & B GP Units of the Partnership <sup>(2)</sup> (Not included in EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> above)	500	627	1,621	1,948
6% Royalty obligations under License and Royalty Agreement <sup>(3)</sup>	4,993	5,283	15,448	15,947

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes the special conversion distribution paid to Class B GP Unitholders or the special conversion refund to Class A GP Unitholders declared in December of each year, if any.

<sup>(3)</sup> See the SIR Royalty Income Fund section of this document for the Royalty calculation. Pooled Revenue includes revenue from all restaurants included in Royalty Pooled Restaurants. On January 1st of each year, New Additional Restaurants are added and New Closed Restaurants are removed from Royalty Pooled Restaurants. Royalty obligations equal 6% of Pooled Revenue plus any Make-Whole Payments.

# **Results of Operations**

Reconciliation of Revenue from Financial Statements to Poolec		16-Wee Period En August 2024	nded 1	16-Weel Period End August 2 2023	led Period E	nded Perio	-Week d Ended gust 27, 2023
				,	isands of dollars)		
			(unaudited	1)		(audited)	
Food and beverage revenue reporting financial statements	orted in consolidated	90,6	565	89,34	46 271,	342	271,717
Less: Revenue from corporate re excluded from the Royalty pool	estaurant operations	(7,4	154)	(1,29	90) (13,	877)	(5,929)
Revenue for Restaurants in Roya Revenue)	alty pool (Pooled	83,2	211	88,0	56 257,	465	265,788
revenue				00,0	2019	103	203,700
		16-Wee	ek	16-Weel	s 52-We	ek 52	-Week
Reconciliation of Revenue from	n Consolidated	Period Er	nded ]	Period End	led Period E	nded Perio	d Ended
Financial Statements to Same		August	25,	August 2	7, August	25, Au	gust 27,
	~	2024		2023	2024	1 2	2023
				(in thou	isands of dollars)		
			(unaudited	.)		(audited)	
Food and beverage revenue repo financial statements	orted in consolidated	90,6	565	89,34	46 271,	342	271,717
	Less: Revenue from corporate restaurant operations excluded from Same Store Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		(9,418) (4,565		55) (19,	897)	(13,510)
Same Store Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		81,247 84,781		81 251,	445	258,209	
Same Store Sales <sup>(1)</sup> by Brand	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ende August 27, 2023		Fav./ Infav.)	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	1 % Fav./ (Unfav.)
	(ui	naudited)	(in tho	usands of d		(audited)	
Jack Astor's	57,800	63,001	[	(6.8)%	177,194	188,485	(6.0)%
Scaddabush	18,347	18,103	3	1.3%	57,063	53,811	6.0%
Signature Restaurants	5,100	4,677	7	9.0%	17,188	15,913	8.0%
Same Store Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	81,247	84,781	1 (	(4.2)%	251,445	258,209	(2.6)%
Disaggregated food and beverag revenue by Concept	16-Week Period Endo August 25, 2	ed P	16-Week eriod End igust 27, 2	ed	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	Perio	Week d Ended t 27, 2023
		,	(in	thousands o	,	/ 1: E	
		(unaudited)				(audited)	
Jack Astor's	58,98	33	63,5		180,429		192,626
Scaddabush	24,60	)2	18,9	14	69,296		55,770
Signature Restaurants	6,92		6,8	49	21,442		23,265
Corporate	15	54	;	55	174		56
	90,66	55	89,3	46	271,342		271,717

## Summary of Quarterly Results

Statement of Operations	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 25,	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 5,	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 11,	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter Ended November 19,	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 27,	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 7,	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 12,	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter Ended November 20,
	2024 (16 weeks)	2024 (12 weeks)	2024 (12 weeks)	2023 (12 weeks)	2023 (16 weeks)	2023 (12 weeks)	2023 (12 weeks)	2022 (12 weeks)
<del>-</del>	(10 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(in thousands		(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)
				(unaudi	,			
Corporate Restaurant Operations								
Revenue	90,856	62,179	59,485	59,445	89,456	62,190	60,150	60,315
Cost of corporate restaurant operations	77,181	55,794	52,694	52,832	74,763	51,302	52,753	52,373
Earnings from corporate restaurant operations	13,675	6,385	6,791	6,613	14,693	10,888	7,397	7,942
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	10,009	32,971	(2,265)	(5,607)	21,356	(2,022)	(21,166)	(18,359)
Adjusted Net Earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	6,079	657	603	333	8,251	4,669	674	2,349

The following table reconciles net earnings (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the quarters to Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup>:

	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 25, 2024	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 5, 2024	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 11, 2024	1st Quarter Ended November 19, 2023	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 27, 2023	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 7, 2023	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 12, 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter Ended November 20, 2022
	(16 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(16 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)	(12 weeks)
				(in thousands of (unaudit	,			
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	10,009	32,971	(2,265)	(5,607)	21,356	(2,022)	(21,166)	(18,359)
Change in amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	(3,930)	(32,314)	2,868	5,940	(13,105)	6,691	21,840	20,708
Adjusted Net Earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	6,079	657	603	333	8,251	4,669	674	2,349
Aujusteu Net Barmings	0,079	037	003		0,231	4,009	0/4	2,349

## Selected Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Information:

	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 25, 2024 (16 weeks)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 5, 2024 (12 weeks)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 11, 2024 (12 weeks)	1st Quarter Ended November 19, 2023 (12 weeks)	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter Ended August 27, 2023 (16 weeks)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ended May 7, 2023 (12 weeks)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Ended February 12, 2023 (12 weeks)	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter Ended November 20, 2022 (12 weeks)
				`	ds of dollars) idited)			
Cash provided by operations	18,887	6,464	1,818	4,484	16,388	12,353	3,017	3,987
Cash used in investing activities	(8,043)	(5,986)	(4,339)	(5,627)	(4,471)	(1,491)	(2,769)	(1,352)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(5,901)	(849)	854	(3,543)	(6,126)	(11,193)	(1,894)	(6,350)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period  Cash and cash equivalents –	4,943	(371)	(1,667)	(4,686)	5,791	(331)	(1,646)	(3,715)
Beginning of period	1,507	1,878	3,545	8,231	2,440	2,771	4,417	8,132
Cash and cash equivalents – End of period	6,450	1,507	1,878	3,545	8,231	2,440	2,771	4,417

#### Revenue

There are a number of references to different revenue groupings used in the consolidated financial statements, the notes to the consolidated financial statements and this Management Discussion & Analysis. The following definitions are provided for greater clarification of these groupings:

- i. Revenue (per the SIR consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss)) this is the total consolidated revenue of all SIR restaurants, sale of packaged food and beverage products to third-party retailers and gift card related revenues for the period, as well as the seasonal restaurant, Abbey's Bakehouse, in Muskoka, Ontario. For the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024, revenue was \$90.9 million and \$272.0 million, respectively.
- ii. Same Store Sales<sup>(1)</sup> ("SSS<sup>(1)</sup>") this is a subset of revenue used for tracking comparable year-over-year sales. For Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, SSS<sup>(1)</sup> includes all SIR restaurants, except for those restaurants that were not open for the entire comparable periods in Fiscal 2024 and Fiscal 2023, and the seasonal restaurant, Abbey's Bakehouse, in Muskoka, Ontario. Accordingly, SSS<sup>(1)</sup> performance for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 does not include the new Scaddabush restaurants in Whitby, Guelph and London, Ontario and in the Don Mills neighbourhood of Toronto, since these were not open for both comparable periods in Fiscal 2024 and Fiscal 2023. The new Signature restaurants, Edna + Vita and Dukes Refresher, located in downtown Toronto are also not included. For the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024, SSS<sup>(1)</sup> were \$81.2 million and \$251.4 million, respectively.
- Royalty Pooled Revenue this is the revenue subject to the License and Royalty Agreement this includes revenue from all Royalty Pooled Restaurants. The Royalty Pooled Restaurants are adjusted on January 1st of each year for New Additional Restaurants and/or New Closed Restaurants. As at August 25, 2024, there were 49 Royalty Pooled Restaurants. For the 16-week and 52-week periods ended August 25, 2024, Pooled Revenue was \$83.2 million and \$257.5 million, respectively. The applicable Royalty payable to the Partnership on the Pooled Revenue for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 was \$5.0 million and \$15.4 million, respectively.

#### Same Store Sales(1)

SIR continues to innovate and provide immersive new product and service offerings to increase dine-in guest visits to its restaurants and to capitalize on the rapid growth of take-out and delivery services in commercial foodservice.

SIR had overall SSS<sup>(1)</sup> declines of 4.2% and 2.6% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively. SSS<sup>(1)</sup> are typically impacted by changes in guest traffic and average cheque amount. The consolidated SSS<sup>(1)</sup> declines in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 were primarily a result of SSS<sup>(1)</sup> declines at Jack Astor's in both periods due to reduced delivery sales and dine-in guest traffic at certain locations, partially offset by price increases and the strong performance of the Scaddabush and Signature brands. Management believes that the declines in delivery sales and dine-in guest traffic is partially due to current macroeconomic factors, such as inflation and elevated interest rates, and their impact on discretionary consumer spending. In response to these macroeconomic factors, SIR continues to innovate and provide immersive new product and service offerings to increase dine-in guest visits and to capitalize on the rapid growth of take-out and delivery services in commercial foodservice.

Jack Astor's, SIR's flagship Concept Restaurant brand, which contributed approximately 70.9% of Q4 2024 Pooled Revenue, had SSS<sup>(1)</sup> declines of 6.8% and 6.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively. All 37 open Jack Astor's locations are included in the calculation of SSS<sup>(1)</sup> performance for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024. The decline in Jack Astor's SSS<sup>(1)</sup> for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, as mentioned above, was attributable to declines in delivery sales and dine-in guest traffic, partially offset by price increases. The temporary closures of nine Jack Astor's locations for a combined total of 83 days during Fiscal 2024 to complete renovations, compared to the temporary closures of seven restaurants for a combined total of 58 days during Fiscal 2023 to complete renovations, had a negative impact on SSS<sup>(1)</sup> for Fiscal 2024 (refer to the "Investment in new and existing restaurants, and closed restaurants" section for a description of all locations renovated).

Scaddabush SSS<sup>(1)</sup> performance for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 includes nine out of 13 Scaddabush locations currently in operation (Mississauga, Richmond Hill, Scarborough, Burlington, Oakville, and Vaughan, and two locations in Etobicoke, Ontario, as well as the location on Front Street in downtown Toronto). Scaddabush had SSS<sup>(1)</sup> increases of 1.3% and 6.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, reflecting the continued popularity of this brand and increased pricing.

The Signature Restaurants  $SSS^{(1)}$  performance for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 includes two restaurants (Reds Square One and the Loose Moose Tap + Grill). The Signature Restaurants had  $SSS^{(1)}$  increases of 9.0% and 8.0% for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, reflecting increased guest counts and pricing.

#### Cost of Corporate Restaurant Operations

Cost of corporate restaurant operations totaled \$77.2 million, or 84.9% of revenue, in Q4 2024, and \$238.5 million, or 87.7% of revenue, for Fiscal 2024, compared to \$74.8 million, or 83.6% of revenue, in Q4 2023, and \$231.2 million, or 85.0% of revenue, for Fiscal 2023. The increases in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 reflect SIR's response to ongoing

macroeconomic impacts on discretionary spending and inflationary impacts on utility, food and beverage supplies, labour and asset repair and maintenance costs. In addition, SIR opened six new restaurants and closed three restaurants in Fiscal 2024 compared to none in Fiscal 2023, which resulted in significant pre-opening expenses and closure costs for these restaurants in Fiscal 2024 compared to Fiscal 2023. SIR also invested in additional professional fee billings, labour and travel costs to enhance restaurant operational management and deliver new and diverse menu offerings. SIR continued to invest in its renovation program with additional media and other promotional activities, in conjunction with strategic and thorough repair and maintenance costs, to improve stewardship of restaurant assets (refer to the "Investment in new and existing restaurants, and closed restaurants" section for more details).

#### **Corporate Costs**

Corporate costs were \$4.4 million and \$15.6 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, compared to \$3.8 million and \$15.6 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively. The increase in corporate costs in Q4 2024 reflect \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million increases in corporate salaries and general and administrative expenses, respectively.

#### **Interest Costs**

Interest expense for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 was \$1.1 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, compared to \$0.7 million and \$2.3 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively.

#### SIR Loan, Fund's Interest in the Partnership & Change in Amortized Cost of Ordinary LP and Class A LP Units

On October 12, 2004, the Fund completed its initial public offering and used the proceeds to acquire the SIR Loan and invest in the Ordinary LP Units of the Partnership. The Fund has also acquired Class A LP Units upon SIR's conversion of its Class A GP Units into Fund units (see the Liquidity and Capital Resources section). In accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, SIR has consolidated the Partnership. The Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership, which are held by the Fund, require SIR to pay distributions to the Fund when declared by the board of directors of SIR GP Inc. SIR GP Inc. is controlled by the Fund and, accordingly, SIR is unable to control the declaration of these distributions. As a result, the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership have been classified as a financial liability in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units were initially recorded at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost, which requires updating the carrying amount of the financial liability to reflect actual and revised estimates in cash flows. The changes in the estimated cash flows are derived from changes in the value of the underlying Fund units adjusted for taxes and the SIR Loan.

Changes in amortized cost are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. The change in the amortized cost is a non-cash transaction and accordingly, has no impact on cash flows. For Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, the change in amortized cost resulted in income of \$3.9 million (Q4 2023 – \$13.1 million) and \$27.4 million (Fiscal 2023 – expense of \$36.1 million), respectively, reflecting a decrease in the underlying Fund unit price compared to the end of Q3 2024 and Fiscal 2023, respectively, and changes to the estimated cash flows derived from the Fund as at Q4 2024.

Interest on the SIR Loan totaled \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, compared to \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively.

#### Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss), and Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)

Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) was \$10.0 million for Q4 2024, compared to \$21.4 million for Q4 2023. Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) was \$35.1 million for Fiscal 2024, compared to \$(20.2) million for Fiscal 2023. The variances reflect changes in the amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A Units of the SIR Royalty Limited Partnership that SIR holds. This resulted in income of \$3.9 million in Q4 2024 and \$27.4 million in Fiscal 2024, compared to income of \$13.1 million in Q4 2023 and an expense of \$36.1 million in Fiscal 2023. These non-cash changes in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 are due to changes in the underlying unit price of the Fund compared to the end of Q3 2024 and Fiscal 2023, respectively, and changes to the estimated cash flows derived from the Fund as at Q4 2024.

Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup> were \$6.1 million in Q4 2024 compared to \$8.3 million in Q4 2023. Adjusted Net Earnings<sup>(1)</sup> for Fiscal 2024 were \$7.7 million compared to \$15.9 million in Fiscal 2023. The declines are primarily attributable to a \$2.4 million increase in cost of restaurant operations in Q4 2024 compared to Q4 2023, and a \$7.3 million increase in cost of corporate restaurant operations in Fiscal 2024 compared to Fiscal 2023.

#### EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>

EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> totaled \$15.3 million and \$38.2 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, compared to \$17.1 million and \$45.0 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively. The decreases in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024 were primarily attributable to increases in cost of corporate restaurant operations, as discussed above.

Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> totaled \$11.6 million and \$25.9 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, compared to \$13.1 million and \$30.3 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively. (See Selected Consolidated Historical Financial Information – Reconciliation of net loss and comprehensive loss for the period to EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>).

#### SIR Royalty Income Fund

The following is a summary of the accounting implications of the SIR Loan and the Fund's interest in the Partnership:

#### (a) SIR Loan

The \$40.0 million SIR Loan is payable to the Fund, bears interest at 7.5% per annum, and is due October 12, 2044. On July 6, 2015, SIR, the Fund and the Partnership entered into an Interlender Agreement to subordinate and postpone their claims against SIR in favour of the lender. The Fund and the Partnership have not guaranteed the current credit facility (see Liquidity and Capital Resources section).

The debt is "permitted indebtedness" within the meaning of the agreements between the Fund, the Partnership and SIR, and as a result the Fund and the Partnership have, as contemplated in the existing agreements, subordinated and postponed their claims against SIR to the claims of the lender. This subordination, which includes a subordination of the Partnership's rights under the License and Royalty Agreement between the Partnership and SIR whereby the Partnership licenses to SIR the right to use the trademarks and related intellectual property in return for Royalty payments based on revenues, has been effected pursuant to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement.

Under the Intercreditor Agreement, absent any default or event of default under the Credit Agreement, ordinary payments to the Fund and the Partnership can continue and the Partnership can exercise any and all of its rights to preserve the trademarks and related intellectual property governed by the License and Royalty Agreement. However, if a default or an event of default were to occur, the Fund and the Partnership agree not to take actions on their security until the lender has been repaid in full. However, payments by SIR, to the Fund and the Partnership, will be permitted for such amounts as are required to fund their monthly operating expenses, up to an annual limit. In addition, the Fund, the Partnership and SIR will have the right, acting cooperatively, to reduce payments of Royalties and/or interest on the SIR Loan by up to 50% without triggering a cross default under the Credit Agreement, for a period of up to nine consecutive months. SIR and each obligor provided an undertaking to cooperate and explore all options with the Fund to maximize value to the Fund's unitholders and SIR and its shareholders in exchange for the Subordinating Parties not demanding repayment or enforcing security as a result of any such Related Party Obligation Default. The Intercreditor Agreement also contains various other typical covenants of the Fund and the Partnership.

Interest expense on the SIR Loan was charged to the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) in the amounts of \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, and \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively.

SIR has the right to require the Fund to, indirectly, purchase their Class C GP Units and assume a portion of the SIR Loan as consideration for the acquisition of the Class C GP Units.

#### (b) Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of SIR Royalty Limited Partnership

	16-Week Period Ended	16-Week Period Ended	52-Week Period Ended	52-Week Period Ended
_	August 25, 2024	August 27, 2023	August 25, 2024	August 27, 2023
		(in thousands	of dollars)	
	(unaud	ited)	(audit	ted)
Balance – Beginning of the period	141,609	117,299	141,609	117,299
Change in amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	(3,930)	(13,105)	(27,436)	36,134
Distributions paid to Ordinary LP and Class A LP unitholders	(2,499)	(2,498)	(10,880)	(11,824)
Balance – End of period	135,180	101,696	103,293	141,609
Less: Current portion of Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	(9,991)	(9,991)	(9,991)	(9,991)
Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership	125,189	91,705	93,302	131,618

The following is a summary of the results of the operations of the Partnership:

	16-Week	16-Week	52-Week	52-Week
	Period Ended	Period Ended	Period Ended	Period Ended
	August 25, 2024	August 27, 2023	August 25, 2024	August 27, 2023
		(in thousands of	of dollars)	
	(unaudit	red)	(audite	rd)
Pooled Revenue <sup>(4)</sup>	83,211	88,057	257,463	265,787
Partnership royalty income <sup>(5)</sup>	4,993	5,283	15,448	15,946
Other income	7	7	24	26
Partnership expenses	(4)	(14)	(103)	(107)
Net earnings of the Partnership SIR's residual interest in the earnings of the Partnership:	4,996	5,276	15,369	15,865
Income from Class A & B GP Units of the Partnership	(500)	(627)	(1,621)	(1,948)
Income from Class C GP Units of the Partnership	(912)	(901)	(2,984)	(2,992)
_	(1,412)	(1,528)	(4,605)	(4,940)
Fund's interest in the earnings of the Partnership	3,584	3,748	10,764	10,925

On October 12, 2004, the Partnership issued Ordinary LP and GP Units to the Fund for cash consideration of \$11.2 million. The Fund has also acquired Class A LP Units upon SIR's conversion of its Class A GP Units into Fund units. The holders of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units are entitled to receive their pro rata share of all residual distributions of the Partnership. The distributions are declared by the board of directors of SIR GP Inc., which is controlled by the Fund. Accordingly, the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership have been classified as a financial liability in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership are accounted for at amortized cost, with changes in the carrying value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

SIR, as the holder of the Class A GP Units, is entitled to receive their pro rata share of all residual distributions of the Partnership and the Class A GP Units are exchangeable into units of the Fund.

In 2004, the Partnership granted SIR a 99-year license to use the SIR Rights in most of Canada in consideration for a Royalty, payable by SIR to the Partnership, equal to 6% of the revenue of the Royalty Pooled Restaurants (the "License and Royalty Agreement"). Under the terms of the License and Royalty Agreement, on January 1 of each year (the "Adjustment Date"), the restaurants subject to the License and Royalty Agreement are adjusted for new SIR Restaurants opened for at least 60 days preceding such Adjustment Date. At each Adjustment Date, SIR will be entitled to convert its Class B GP Units to Class A GP Units based on the formula defined in the Partnership Agreement. Additional Class B GP Units may be converted to Class A GP Units in respect of these new SIR Restaurants if actual revenues of the new SIR Restaurants exceeded 80% of the initial estimated revenues and the formula defined in the Partnership Agreement. Conversely, converted Class A GP Units will be returned by SIR if the actual revenues of the new SIR Restaurants are less than 80% of the initial estimated revenues. In December of each year, an additional distribution will be payable to the Class B GP unitholders based on actual revenues of the new SIR Restaurants exceeding 80% of the initial estimated revenues or there will be a reduction in the distributions to the Class A GP unitholders if revenues are less than 80% of the initial estimated revenues.

On January 1, 2024, one new SIR Restaurant was added (January 1, 2023 – two) to the Royalty Pooled Restaurants in accordance with the Partnership Agreement. As consideration for the additional Royalty associated with the addition of one new SIR Restaurant on January 1, 2024 (January 1, 2023 – two) as well as the Second Incremental Adjustment for two new SIR Restaurants added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2023 (January 1, 2022 – one), SIR converted its

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes revenue from the SIR Restaurants subject to the License and Royalty Agreement. The Partnership owns the SIR Rights formerly owned or licensed by SIR or its subsidiaries and used in connection with the operation of the majority of SIR's restaurants in Canada.

<sup>(5)</sup> Partnership royalty income is 6% of Pooled Revenue in accordance with the License and Royalty Agreement, plus a Make-Whole Payment for closed restaurants, if applicable.

Class B GP Units into Class A GP Units based on the formula defined in the Partnership Agreement. In addition, there was a re-conversion of Class A GP Units into Class B GP Units for the permanent closure of three (January 1, 2023 – two) SIR Restaurants during 2023. The net effect of these adjustments to Royalty Pooled Restaurants was that SIR returned 212,825 Class A GP Units into 212,825 Class B GP Units (January 1, 2023 – SIR converted 90,958 Class A GP Units into Class B GP Units) on January 1, 2024, decreasing the value of the SIR Rights by \$1.6 million (January 1, 2023 – increasing the value of the SIR rights by \$1.5 million).

In addition, the revenues of the two (January 1, 2022 – nil) new SIR Restaurants added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2023 were less than 80% of the Initial Adjustment's estimated revenue and, as a result, the distributions of the Class A GP Units were reduced by a special conversion refund of \$0.05 million in December 2023 and paid in February 2024 (no conversion distributions effective in December 2022 as no new SIR Restaurants were added to Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2022).

SIR's residual interest in the Partnership was 10.55% as at August 25, 2024 (August 27, 2023 – 12.54%).

(c) Amounts due to the Fund – (see Transactions with the SIR Royalty Income Fund in the Transactions with Related Parties section).

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Selected Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Information	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023 (in thousands	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023
	(unaud	ed)		
Cash provided by operations	18,887	16,388	31,902	35,941
Cash used in investing activities	(8,043)	(4,471)	(23,995)	(10,083)
Cash used in financing activities	(5,901)	(6,126)	(9,688)	(25,759)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period	4,943	5,791	(1,781)	99
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of period	1,507	2,440	8,231	8,132
Cash and cash equivalents – End of period	6,450	8,231	6,450	8,231

Cash provided by operations increased by \$2.5 million in Q4 2024 and decreased by \$4.0 million for Fiscal 2024. For Q4 2024, the increase was primarily attributable to an \$11.3 million decrease in net earnings for the period, a \$0.6 million reduction in supplier rebates and a decrease in the impairments of financial and non-financial assets of \$1.0 million, which were offset by a decrease in the amortized cost of the Ordinary LP and Class A LP units of \$9.2 million, a \$3.4 million increase to the loss on disposal of assets, a \$2.5 million increase in working capital items and a \$0.3 million increase in interest expense. For Fiscal 2024, the decrease was due to an increase to the amortized cost of the Ordinary LP and Class A LP units of \$63.6 million, a decrease in the impairments of financial and non-financial assets of \$1.0 million, a \$0.7 million decrease in working capital items and a \$0.6 million reduction in supplier rebates offset by an increase in net earnings of \$55.3 million, additional amortization of \$1.2 million, a \$0.5 million increase in interest expense, a \$4.0 million increase to the loss on disposal of assets and a \$0.9 million increase in distributions paid to unit holders of the Fund and related entities.

Cash used in investing activities increased by \$3.6 million and \$13.9 million in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively. For Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, the increase reflects property and equipment purchases of \$3.6 million and \$13.7 million in support of new restaurant development and existing restaurant maintenance and renovations.

Cash used in financing activities decreased by \$0.2 million and \$16.1 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively. For Q4 2024, SIR drew \$9.0 million of additional long-term debt which was offset by a reduction to bank indebtedness of \$8.0 million, a \$0.8 million increase in principal repayments on long-term debt and \$0.2 million reduction in lease obligation payments. Financing fees paid by SIR decreased by \$0.2 million in Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively. For Fiscal 2024, SIR drew \$17.5 million of additional long-term debt which was slightly offset by a \$0.8 million increase in principal repayments on long-term debt and a \$0.8 million increase in lease obligation payments.

As at August 25, 2024, SIR had current assets of \$22.5 million (August 27, 2023 – \$22.2 million) and current liabilities of \$76.8 million (August 27, 2023 – \$69.2 million) resulting in a working capital deficit of \$54.3 million (August 27, 2023 – \$47.0 million). Revenues in the restaurant business are largely paid by cash and credit cards whereas most suppliers offer credit terms for payment. Therefore, restaurants are able to pay their suppliers from the cash received on revenues in the following months, as the supplier payables are due. Cash balances are typically used to construct new restaurants or reinvest in existing restaurants to grow the business. As a result, SIR, like many other restaurant businesses, would anticipate having a negative working capital balance in the foreseeable future.

SIR has a Credit Agreement with a Schedule I Canadian chartered bank (the "Lender"). The Credit Agreement is "permitted indebtedness" within the meaning of the agreements between the Fund, the Partnership, and SIR, and as a result the Fund and the Partnership have, as contemplated in the existing agreements, subordinated and postponed their claims against SIR to the claims of the Lender. This subordination, which includes a subordination of the Partnership's rights under the License and Royalty Agreement between the Partnership and SIR whereby the Partnership licenses to SIR the right to use trademarks and related intellectual property in return for royalty payments based on revenues, has been effected pursuant to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement.

The Credit Agreement between SIR and the Lender matures on July 6, 2026 ("Maturity Date") and, as at the date of this report, provides for a maximum principal amount of \$41.5 million, consisting of:

- a \$20.0 million revolving term credit facility (Credit Facility 1),
- a \$10.7 million revolving term credit facility (Credit Facility 2),
- a \$6.25 million EDC-Guaranteed Facility, and
- a \$4.57 million Business Development Bank of Canada ("BDC") guaranteed Highly Affected Sectors Credit Availability Program ("HASCAP") facility (the "BDC-Guaranteed Facility").

SIR and the Lender have also entered into a purchase card agreement providing credit of up to an additional \$1.5 million.

Credit Facility 1 is for general corporate and operating purposes, including capital spending on new and renovated restaurants, and bears interest at the prime rate plus 2.75% and/or the CORRA Advance rate plus 3.75%, principal repaid in one bullet repayment on the Maturity Date. A standby fee of 0.85% is charged on the undrawn balance of Credit Facility 1. Provided the Company is in compliance with the Credit Agreement, the principal amount of Credit Facility 1 can be repaid and re-borrowed at any time during the term of the Credit Agreement. As at August 25, 2024, \$17.5 million was drawn on Credit Facility 1.

Credit Facility 2 is a \$10.7 million revolving facility that can be drawn for capital expenditures on new restaurants and renovations or remodeling of existing restaurants, and bears interest at the prime rate plus 2.75% and/or the CORRA Advance rate plus 3.75%. Each advance under Credit Facility 2 is repayable in equal quarterly instalments based on a seven-year amortization, with the remaining outstanding principal balance due on the Maturity Date. During Q4 2024, SIR repaid \$1.04 million on this facility. As at August 25, 2024, \$6.6 million was drawn on Credit Facility 2.

As at August 25, 2024, the Company has drawn \$19.1 million on Credit Facility 1 and Credit Facility 2, net of cash excluding the cash balance of the Partnership (August 25, 2024 – \$4.68 million).

The EDC-Guaranteed Facility is a 364-day revolving term credit facility with a maturity date of July 6, 2025, that bears interest at the prime rate plus 3.0%. A standby fee of 0.9% is charged on the undrawn balance of this facility. As at August 25, 2024, the Company has fully drawn this facility.

The BDC-Guaranteed Facility is a 10-year term non-revolving credit facility, with a one-year principal payment moratorium, bearing a fixed rate interest of 4.0%. The moratorium has elapsed and SIR has commenced repayment on this facility. During Q4 2024, SIR repaid \$0.2 million on this facility. As at August 25, 2024, SIR had drawn \$4.57 million on this facility.

For more details regarding the Credit Agreement and all related Amending Agreements, please refer to the Fund's and SIR's prior interim filings, which can be found on SEDAR+ at <a href="www.sedarplus.ca">www.sedarplus.ca</a>, under the Fund's profile (refer to the "Amendments to SIR's Credit Agreement" section above for more details regarding the Eleventh Amendment to the Credit Agreement in Fiscal 2024).

Under the Intercreditor Agreement, absent any default or event of default under the Credit Agreement, ordinary payments to the Fund and the Partnership can continue and the Partnership can exercise any and all of its rights to preserve the trademarks and related intellectual property governed by the License and Royalty Agreement. However, if a default or an event of default were to occur, the Fund and the Partnership agree not to take actions on their security until the Lender has been repaid in full. However, payments by SIR, to the Fund and the Partnership, will be permitted for such amounts as are required to fund their monthly operating expenses, up to an annual limit. In addition, the Fund, the Partnership and SIR will have the right, acting cooperatively, to reduce payments of Royalties and/or interest on the SIR Loan by up to 50% without

triggering a cross default under the Credit Agreement, for a period of up to nine consecutive months. SIR and each Obligor provided an undertaking to cooperate and explore all options with the Fund to maximize value to the Fund's unitholders and SIR and its shareholders in exchange for the Subordinating Parties not demanding repayment or enforcing security as a result of any such Related Party Obligation Default. The Intercreditor Agreement also contains various other typical covenants of the Fund and the Partnership.

As at August 25, 2024, SIR's liquidity was comprised of \$4.9 million of cash on hand (net of the cash balance of the Partnership) and \$6.6 million available to borrow under its Credit Facilities 1 and 2 (August 27, 2023 – \$6.0 million and \$20.0 million, respectively).

Management believes these resources, combined with cash generated by operations, provides sufficient cash resources to fund its working capital requirements, scheduled debt repayments, and current commitments for estimated construction costs for new restaurants. However, availability under the Credit Agreement is subject to certain conditions, including certain financial and non-financial covenants as determined by the Lender. The Company prepares budgets and forecasts to evaluate its ability to meet future cash obligations. The Company continues to assess changes in the marketplace, including economic conditions and consumer confidence. Based on these assessments, the timing of restaurant construction and opening schedules will be reviewed regularly by SIR's Management and adjusted as necessary.

Borrowings subject to financial covenants	Financial covenant	Frequency tested	Ratios to be compliant	Ratios as at August 25, 2024
\$34.9 million*	Senior Leverage Ratio (a)	Quarterly	Maximum of 2.5:1	2.04:1
\$34.9 million*	Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (b)	Quarterly	Minimum of 1.10:1	1.17:1

<sup>\*</sup> The fair value of the borrowings subject to financial covenants pursuant to the Credit Agreement is \$34.9 million, which excludes deferred financing fees of \$0.2 million.

The Credit Agreement defines the two financial covenants, calculated on a rolling four quarter basis, with reference to SIR on a consolidated basis, as follows:

- (a) Senior Leverage Ratio is the ratio of: the numerator of which is (i) Debt (excluding any liability or indebtedness of SIR arising under the SIR Loan's Agreement); minus (ii) cash on deposit in bank accounts of the Obligors maintained with the Lender as at the last day of the relevant determination period; and the denominator which is EBITDA ("Lender EBITDA")
- (b) Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio is defined for any period, the ratio of: the numerator of which is Lender EBITDA, plus the aggregate amount of rental payments in respect of leased real property, for such period minus cash Taxes paid in such period, and the denominator of which is the aggregate of all Fixed Charges in such period.

For the purposes of these financial covenants, the Credit Agreement defines "EBITDA" as net income or net loss for the relevant period, calculated on a consolidated basis, plus depreciation and amortization, interest expense, income taxes (whether or not deferred), the change in amortized cost of ordinary limited partnership units of the Partnership, new restaurant or stores pre-opening or closing costs (with some limitations), less the aggregate amount of rental payments in respect of leased real property and excluding Partnership royalty income and other unusual or non-recurring items (as approved by the Lender). Unless otherwise provided, Lender EBITDA shall be calculated on a rolling four quarter basis.

The continued ability to comply with financial covenants under the Company's Credit Agreement for at least the next 12 months is contingent on management's ability to meet budgeted revenue, profitability and working capital targets. The estimate of future cash flows in the Company's Fiscal 2025 budget and forecasts through to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2025 include a number of key assumptions to support the financial covenant calculations, specifically related to the forecasted revenues and gross margins (which in turn support Lender EBITDA), and a decline in those assumptions could result in the breach of a covenant relative to its impact on the trailing period results used in calculating covenant compliance for the first and second quarter of Fiscal 2025 results. The Company safeguards against this through taking measures to manage its operating expenses, manage its revolving credit facility and term debt balances and negotiate terms with its lenders accordingly, in order to comply with the financial covenants.

One new restaurant was added to the Royalty Pooled Restaurants effective January 1, 2024 (January 1, 2023 - two). Refer to page 12 for further details of all changes and adjustments under the License and Royalty Agreement. After the net adjustments to the Royalty Pooled Restaurants on January 1, 2024, SIR held 987,835 Class A GP Units, representing a 10.55% residual interest in the Partnership. Under the terms of the Exchange Agreement, SIR has the right to convert some or all of the Class A GP Units into Fund Units on a one-for-one basis, which, as at August 25, 2024, had a market value of approximately \$12.5 million. Under the Credit Agreement and without prior consent from the Lender, SIR may convert Class

A GP Units into Fund Units and promptly sell such units for the purposes of financing construction projects for new and existing restaurants, provided in any year the sale of the units does not exceed the lower of \$7.0 million and 0.4 million units.

#### Contractual Obligations

In 2004, the Partnership granted SIR a 99-year license to use the SIR Rights in most of Canada in consideration for a Royalty, payable by SIR to the Partnership, equal to 6% of the revenue of the restaurants included in Royalty Pooled Restaurants. Payment of the Royalty is secured by the Partnership General Security Agreement. On July 6, 2015, SIR, the Fund and the Partnership amended the agreement to subordinate and postpone their claims against SIR in favour of the senior lender. The Partnership and the Fund have not guaranteed the Credit Agreement (Please refer to SIR Royalty Income Fund section).

The security interest for all amounts payable by SIR to the Partnership under the License and Royalty Agreement, as set out in the Partnership General Security Agreement, is substantially the same as, and ranks equally with, the security interest granted by SIR to the Fund in respect of the SIR Loan. SIR consolidates the Partnership, and this transaction between SIR and the Partnership is eliminated in SIR's condensed interim consolidated financial statements, however the obligation for payments remains.

On January 1 of each year (the "Adjustment Date"), the restaurants subject to the License and Royalty Agreement are adjusted for new SIR restaurants opened for at least 60 days preceding such Adjustment Date. At each Adjustment Date, SIR will be entitled to convert its Class B GP Units to Class A GP Units based on a formula defined in the Partnership Agreement.

As at the date of this report, SIR has commitments to lease two properties in Barrie and Oshawa, Ontario, upon which it plans to build two new Scaddabush restaurants. Final costs of construction are subject to uncertainties as to their amounts and timing. Items such as finalization of design and final construction quotations could change the total cost of these projects. There can be no assurance at this time that these new planned Scaddabush restaurants will be opened or will become part of the Royalty Pooled Restaurants.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

SIR did not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements as at August 25, 2024, nor did it have any subsequent to O4 2024.

#### Transactions with Related Parties

SIR has entered into related party transactions with shareholders and directors or companies controlled by shareholders and directors of SIR. The transactions are in the normal course of business and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Transactions with Related Parties	16-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	16-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	52-Week Period Ended August 25, 2024	52-Week Period Ended August 27, 2023	
	(in thousands of dollars)				
	(unaudited)		(audited)		
Property and equipment					
Fixtures purchased from a shareholder of SIR	13	17	78	85	
Equipment purchased from a company owned by a director and shareholder of SIR, together with a member of executive					
management of SIR	100	81	454	357	

• SIR advanced \$0.01 million to a company owned by a shareholder and director, together with a member of executive management of SIR, during the 52-week period ended August 27, 2017. This advance is non-interest bearing and is payable on demand. SIR purchased fixtures from this company for \$0.01 million and \$0.08 million during Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively (Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 – \$0.02 million and \$0.09 million).

#### Transactions with the SIR Royalty Income Fund

Advances receivable from the Fund and its subsidiaries as at August 25, 2024 were \$3.0 million (August 27, 2023 – \$3.0 million). Advances receivable are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

During Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, distributions of \$3.6 million and \$10.8 million, respectively, were declared to the Fund by the Partnership, compared to distributions of \$3.7 million and \$10.9 million declared for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023,

respectively. The Fund, indirectly through the Trust, is entitled to receive a pro rata share of all residual distributions. Distributions previously declared, but unpaid as at August 25, 2024 were \$4.3 million.

Interest expense on the SIR Loan totaled \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively, and \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively.

SIR, through the Partnership, has entered into an arrangement with the Fund and the Trust whereby the Partnership will provide or arrange for the provision of services required in the administration of the Fund and the Trust. The Partnership has arranged for these services to be provided by SIR GP Inc., in its capacity as the managing general partner of the Partnership The Partnership provided these services to the Fund and the Trust for consideration of \$0.007 million and \$0.024 million for Q4 2024 and Fiscal 2024, respectively (\$0.007 million and \$0.026 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively), which was the amount of consideration agreed to by the related parties.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Management believes that there have been no substantial changes in the nature of critical accounting estimates since the year ended August 27, 2023. The reader will find this information in the annual MD&A for the year ended August 25, 2024.

#### Changes in Accounting Policies, Including Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

#### Amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

In February 2021, the International Accounting Standards Board issued amendments to International Accounting Standard 1 Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1") and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgments ("IFRS Practice Statement 2"). The amendments to IAS 1 require companies to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. The amendments to IFRS Practice Statement 2 provide guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amended standard has been implemented by the Company and did not have a material impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The narrow-scope amendment aims to improve accounting policy disclosures and to help distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amended standard has been implemented by the Company and did not have a material impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

In January 2023, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 12 that aim to provide temporary relief from accounting for deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules. The amendment is effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amended standard has been implemented by the Company and did not have a material impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### Recently issued IFRS Accounting Standards but not yet effective

#### IAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

In January 2020, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1 to clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. In October 2022, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1, Non-current Liabilities with Covenants, to clarify how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The 2022 amendments also introduce additional disclosure requirements to improve the information an entity provides when its right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to compliance with covenants within twelve months after the reporting period. The 2022 amendments changed the effective date of the 2020 amendments. The mandatory effective date would be annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the amendment on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

In September 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 16 to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements in IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale. The mandatory effective date would be annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the amendment on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IAS 7, Disclosures on Supplier Finance Arrangements

In May 2023, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 to require specific disclosures regarding supplier finance arrangements. The mandatory effective date would be annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the amendment on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

On April 9, 2024, the IASB issued a new standard – IFRS 18, 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' – in response to investors' concerns about the comparability and transparency of entities' performance reporting. The new requirements introduced in IFRS 18 will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities, especially related to how 'operating profit or loss' is defined. The new disclosures required for some management-defined performance measures will also enhance transparency. The new standard will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including for interim financial statements. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the amendment on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

On May 30, 2024, the IASB issued targeted amendments to IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', and IFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'. The amendments respond to recent questions arising in practice, and include new requirements not only for financial institutions but also for corporate entities. These new requirements will apply from January 1, 2026, with early application permitted

#### Financial Instruments

Management believes that there have been no substantial changes in the nature of critical accounting estimates since the year ended August 27, 2023. The reader will find this information in the annual MD&A for the year ended August 27, 2023.

#### Risks and Uncertainties

The performance of SIR is dependent on many factors. The restaurant industry generally, and in particular, the casual and fine dining segment of this industry, is intensely competitive with respect to price, service, location, food quality and qualified staff. Increases in minimum wage rates and other labour legislation may affect the growth and profitability of SIR, as a significant portion of its restaurant employees are paid at wage rates related to minimum wage. SIR Restaurants are subject to laws that prohibit or limit smoking in enclosed workplaces and/or certain outdoor public places, such as restaurant patios. There are many well-established competitors with greater financial and other resources than SIR. Competitors include national and regional chains, as well as individually owned restaurants. Recently, competition has increased in the mid-price, full-service, casual and fine dining sectors in which many of the SIR Restaurants operate. Some of SIR's competitors have been in existence for a substantially longer period than SIR and may be better established in the markets where SIR Restaurants are or may be located.

In addition, factors such as business and economic conditions, changes in foreign exchange, availability of credit, inflation, increased food, labour and benefits costs, taxes, government regulations (including those governing alcoholic beverages and cannabis legislation), weather, seasonality, public safety issues and the availability and quality of food, services and products sold in the restaurants, and growth in off-premise traffic due to an increase in delivery and takeout orders affect the restaurant industry in general and therefore SIR. For additional information, see the Fund's Annual Information Form for further discussion on risks and uncertainties related to the Fund and SIR.

The Fund's distributions are subject to change based on a number of factors, including the cash reserves of the Fund, the Trust and the Partnership. The Trustees will continue their practice of regularly reviewing the Fund's distribution levels.

#### Outlook

SIR is a privately held Canadian corporation in the business of creating, owning and operating full-service restaurants in Canada. All of SIR's restaurants are corporately owned. SIR does not franchise any of its existing brands. SIR remains committed to the corporately owned restaurant model as it believes this structure gives it greater control over its brands and improved agility to proactively respond to changes in market conditions.

SIR continues to monitor consumer spending behavior amid current evolving macroeconomic factors, including inflation and elevated interest rates, and their potential impact on the Canadian economy and consumer confidence. Ongoing business impacts due to changes in the minimum wage and rising commodity costs have all been influential in the bar and restaurant industry's changes in pricing overall.

SIR continues to innovate and provide immersive new product and service offerings to increase dine-in guest visits to its restaurants and to capitalize on the rapid growth of take-out and delivery services in commercial foodservice.

In consideration of the ongoing conditions mentioned above and the timing of new restaurant construction and renovations, the related opening schedules will be reviewed regularly by SIR and adjusted as necessary.

During Fiscal 2024, SIR opened four new Scaddabush restaurants, including one in Whitby, Ontario (during Q1 2024), one in the Don Mills neighborhood of Toronto (during Q3 2024), one in London, Ontario (during Q3 2024), and one in Guelph, Ontario (during Q4 2024). SIR also opened a new Italian-themed, fine-dining restaurant brand called Edna + Vita in downtown Toronto during Q3 2024. During Q4 2024, SIR opened a new Duke's Refresher at the intersection of Queen Street East and Broadview Avenue in Toronto.

During Q4 2024, SIR successfully negotiated the extinguishment of the related property lease agreement effective June 14, 2024, for its closed Scaddabush location in the Mimico neighbourhood in Etobicoke, Ontario (refer to the "Investment in new and existing restaurants, and closed restaurants" section for more details of this closure).

Subsequent to Fiscal 2024, on September 4, 2024, SIR permanently closed the Jack Astor's restaurant located in the North York neighbourhood in Toronto, Ontario. This restaurant will cease to be a Royalty Pooled Restaurant effective January 1, 2025.

As at the date of this report, SIR has commitments to lease two properties in Barrie and Oshawa, Ontario, upon which it plans to build two new Scaddabush restaurants. There can be no assurance at this time that these planned new restaurants will be opened or will become part of the Royalty Pooled Restaurants.

During Fiscal 2024, SIR completed renovations to nine Jack Astor's restaurants (in London, Vaughan, Newmarket, Ottawa, Ancaster, Richmond Hill and Scarborough, Ontario, Dundas Square in Toronto and Halifax, Nova Scotia), expanding the total number of renovated Jack Astor's locations to 16 since the beginning of Fiscal 2023. SIR also completed renovations to its Reds Square One location in Mississauga, Ontario during Q4 2023. The Company is pleased with the success of these renovations.

Subsequent to Fiscal 2024, on September 26, 2024, SIR experienced a cybersecurity incident that has impacted a portion of its IT infrastructure. SIR immediately engaged third-party cybersecurity experts to assist with its containment, remediation and investigation efforts. Despite the related operational disruptions, guest payment platforms remained secure and SIR continued to operate all 54 of its restaurants. As a result of this incident, SIR experienced a moderate decline in revenue during the first three weeks following the incident while certain restaurant technology was being restored, as well as increased cost of operations, and other associated costs related to investigation and mitigation of loss services.

SIR continues to gather information about the current and longer-term financial and other impacts of this event. SIR maintains a variety of insurance coverages, including cyber insurance, and is in the process of working with its insurance providers to make the necessary claims under its policies.

#### Description of non-IFRS measures

Management believes that disclosing certain non-IFRS financial measures provides a useful supplemental measure to evaluate SIR's performance. By considering these measures in combination with the most closely comparable IFRS Accounting Standards measure, management believes that investors are provided with additional and more useful information about SIR than investors would have if they simply considered IFRS Accounting Standards measures alone.

The non-IFRS financial measures do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS Accounting Standards. SIR's method of calculating these non-IFRS financial measures may differ from that of other issuers and, accordingly, may not be comparable to measures used by other issuers.

#### Same Store Sales and Same Store Sales Growth

SIR believes that SSS and Same Store Sales Growth ("SSSG") are useful measures and provide investors with an indication of the change in year-over-year sales. SIR's method of calculating SSS and SSSG may differ from those of other issuers and, accordingly, SSS and SSSG may not be comparable to measures used by other issuers. SSSG is the percentage increase in SSS over the prior comparable period. SSS includes revenue from all SIR Restaurants except for those locations that were not open for the entire comparable periods in Fiscal 2024 and Fiscal 2023 and the seasonal restaurant, Abbey's Bakehouse, in Muskoka, Ontario, as it is not a SIR Restaurant. When a SIR Restaurant is closed, the revenue for the closed restaurant is excluded from the calculation of SSS and SSSG for both the quarter in which the restaurant is closed and the current year-to-date. Please refer to the reconciliation of consolidated revenue to SSS on page 9 and to the definition of SSS in the Revenue section on page 11.

#### Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss)

Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) is calculated by removing the change in amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership from the net earnings (loss) for the period. Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS Accounting Standards. Management believes that in addition to net earnings (loss), Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) is a useful supplemental measure to evaluate SIR's

performance. Changes in the amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership is a non-cash transaction and varies with changes in the market price of the Fund units. The exclusion of the change in amortized cost of the Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership eliminates this non-cash impact. Management cautions investors that Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) should not replace net earnings or loss or cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (as determined in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards), as an indicator of SIR's performance. SIR's method of calculating Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) may differ from the methods used by other issuers. Please refer to the reconciliations of net earnings (loss) for the period to Adjusted Net Earnings (Loss) on page 7 of this document.

#### EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

References to EBITDA are to the net earnings (loss) for the period before provision for (recovery of) income taxes, interest expense, interest on lease obligations, interest on loan payable to SIR Royalty Income Fund, depreciation and amortization, and change in amortized cost of Ordinary LP Units and Class A LP Units of the Partnership.

References to Adjusted EBITDA are to SIR's EBITDA plus or minus interest (income) and other expense (income) – net, goodwill impairment, impairment of non-financial assets, loss on disposal of property and equipment, cash rent payments, and pre-opening costs. Pre-opening costs are added back to EBITDA because management views these costs as investments in new restaurants and not as on-going costs of operations.

Management believes that, in addition to net earnings or loss, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful supplemental measures in evaluating SIR's performance, as these are useful estimates of the core business' contribution to cash flow from operations and approximate the funds generated by SIR which are available to meet its financing obligations and capital expenditure requirements. Management interprets trends in EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as indicators of relative operating performance. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS Accounting Standards. Management cautions investors that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not replace net earnings or loss or cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (as determined in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards), as an indicator of SIR's performance. SIR's method of calculating EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may differ from the methods used by other issuers. Therefore, SIR's EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Please refer to the reconciliation of net earnings (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA on page 8 of this document.

#### Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this report, or incorporated herein by reference, including the information set forth as to the future financial or operating performance of the Fund or SIR, that are not current or historical factual statements may constitute forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws ("forward-looking statements"). Statements concerning the objectives, goals, strategies, intentions, plans, beliefs, expectations and estimates, and the business, operations, financial performance and condition of the Fund, the SIR Holdings Trust (the "Trust"), the Partnership, SIR, the SIR Restaurants or industry results, are forward-looking statements. The words "may", "will", "should", "would", 'could", "expect", "believe", "plan", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate" and other similar terminology and the negative of such expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Fund, the Trust, the Partnership, SIR, the SIR Restaurants or industry results, to differ materially from the anticipated results, performance, achievements or developments expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These statements reflect Management's current expectations, estimates and projections regarding future events and operating performance and speak only as of the date of this document. Readers should not place undue importance on forward-looking statements and should not rely upon this information as of any other date. Risks related to forward-looking statements include, among other things, challenges presented by a number of factors, including: market conditions at the time of this filing; competition; changes in demographic trends; weather; changing consumer preferences and discretionary spending patterns; changes in consumer confidence; changes in national and local business and economic conditions; pandemics or other material outbreaks of disease or safety issues affecting humans or animals or food products; the ability to maintain staffing levels; the impact of inflation, including on input prices and wages; the impact of the conflicts in Ukraine and the Middle East; changes in tariffs and international trade; changes in foreign exchange and interest rates; changes in availability of credit; legal proceedings and challenges to intellectual property rights; dependence of the Fund on the financial condition of SIR; legislation and governmental regulation, including the cost and/or availability of labour as it relates to changes in minimum wage rates or other changes to labour legislation and forced closures of or other limits placed on restaurants and bars; laws affecting the sale and use of alcohol (including availability and enforcement); changes in cannabis laws; changes in environmental laws; privacy matters; accounting policies and practices; changes in tax laws; and the results of operations and financial condition of SIR. The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. Many of these issues can affect the Fund's or SIR's actual results and could cause their actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, the Fund or SIR.

There can be no assurance that SIR will remain compliant in the future with all of its financial covenants under the Credit Agreement and imposed by the lender. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and should not place undue reliance on them. The Fund and SIR expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to publicly disclose or release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements except as expressly required by law. Forward-looking statements are based on Management's current plans, estimates, projections, beliefs and opinions, and the Fund and SIR do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements should assumptions related to these plans, estimates, projections, beliefs and opinions change, except as expressly required by applicable securities laws. This Management's Discussion and Analysis is provided as of November 25, 2024.

All of the forward-looking statements made herein are qualified by these cautionary statements and other cautionary statements or factors contained herein, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, the Fund or SIR. For more information concerning the Fund's risks and uncertainties, please refer to 'Risk Factors' in the Fund's Annual Information Form dated March 14, 2024 for the period ended December 31, 2023, which is available under the Fund's profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

Additional information related to the Fund, the Partnership, and SIR can be found at <a href="www.sedarplus.ca">www.sedarplus.ca</a> under SIR Royalty Income Fund and on SIR's website at <a href="www.sircorp.com">www.sircorp.com</a>